



Children should read to an adult every day for at least 15 minutes. This should be entered into the children's reading records. Books will be uploaded on **FRIDAY on Ecollins**. Please make sure your child's reading record is in their book bag every day.

**Phonics**

**High Frequency Words**

**water                      again                      half**

**-check their meaning and write a sentence for each word.**

All children in year 2 are now doing Comprehension Ninja for reading practice.

See below for 'comprehension exercise' to help your child practice.

There will still be decodable books on Collins Connect.

**English**

**Can you design an outfit for Rosie Revere to wear?**

**Draw a picture of Rosie Revere's outfit and write labels/sentences to describe it. Try and use a range of adjectives when writing your description, see below for some ideas:**

**bright                      spotty                      dark**

**soft                      stripy                      colourful**

**long                      short                      smart**

**Maths**

**Multiplication and division**

**We have been learning the 2 and the 10 times-tables. Copy these into your homework books and complete them.**

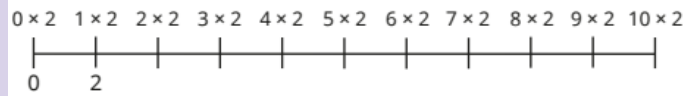


Complete the number tracks.

2	4		8		12
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14	16	18			24
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Complete the number line.

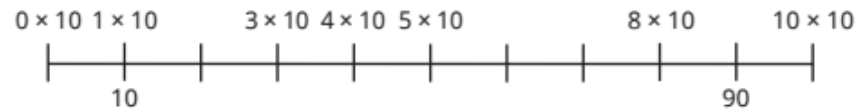


• Complete the number tracks.

50	40	30		10	
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50	60		80	90	
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• Complete the number line.



### Challenge

Write <, > or = to compare the statements.

$8 \times 10$  ○  $10 \times 6$

90 ○  $9 \times 10$

$4 \times 2$  ○  $4 \times 10$

$5 \times 10$  ○ 47



<https://whiteroseeducation.com/1-minute-maths>

Notes and announcements:

The final year 2 reading cafe was Friday 9<sup>th</sup> February.





# Deciduous and Evergreen Trees



Have you ever wondered why some trees keep their leaves all year long and some trees don't? Read on to find out more...

## Introduction

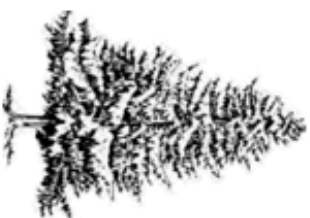
We have lots of different types of trees in the UK. These trees can be sorted into two main groups - **deciduous** and **evergreen**. **Deciduous** sounds like a complicated word, but it just means trees that shed their leaves in the autumn and grow new leaves in the spring. **Evergreen** is a name for trees that keep their leaves all year long.

## Evergreen Trees

Pine, Spruce, Holly and Fir trees are all evergreen trees. They are grown for lots of different reasons: for shade, for their fruit such as cones (pinecones) and for Christmas trees. These trees only stay green while they are still growing in the ground. If we cut them down, their leaves very quickly turn brown and fall off!

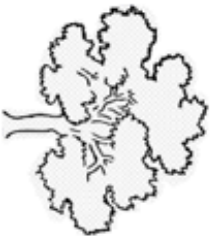


Evergreen trees stay green because they can make their own food all year round. They have thick, waxy leaves which are rolled up tight, like long, thin, green needles. The shape of the leaves allows them to store water in freezing temperatures; this helps them to make food even when there isn't much sunlight.



## Deciduous Trees

Oak trees are deciduous. These trees lose their leaves before the winter comes. Their leaves turn lots of different colours before finally turning brown and falling off. New leaves start to grow again in March.



Oak trees use their leaves to make food. They need sunlight and water to do this. Because it gets colder and there is less sunlight in winter the trees stop making food, so they don't need their leaves. They become dormant (they go to sleep) until the springtime comes and there is more sunlight to make food again.



Other deciduous trees that grow in the UK are Ash, Beech and Sycamore trees.

## Questions for Deciduous and Evergreen Trees

### Vocabulary:

1. What does deciduous mean?

2. Look at the first box. Tick the word which means nearly the same as.

remember

different

main

similar



3. Look at the **Deciduous Trees** section. Which word means **go to sleep**? Tick one.

- lose
- different
- dormant
- sunlight

**Identify key aspects**

4. Name two **evergreen** trees.

- 1. \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_

5. How do **evergreen** trees stay green all year long? Tick one.

- They can't store food.
- They can make their own food all year round.
- They are planted in the shade.
- They shed their leaves in the autumn.

6. What happens to oak trees in the autumn?

\_\_\_\_\_

**Inference**

7. How are **evergreen** trees useful? Give one way.

\_\_\_\_\_

8. Why is sunlight important for trees? Tick one.

- It stops them growing in the winter.
- It helps them to lose their leaves.
- It helps the leaves to turn different colours.
- It helps them to make food.

**Predict**

9. Which trees would make the best trees to stop your neighbours from seeing into your garden?

Explain why you think this.

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_