



Children should read to an adult every day for at least 15 minutes. This should be entered into the children's reading records. Books will be uploaded on **FRIDAY on Ecollins**. Please make sure your child's reading record is in their book bag every day.

Spelling

We are starting spelling practice in year 2.

Practice spelling these 7 words by writing them 4 times and checking their meaning.

- | | |
|--------|--------|
| badge | bridge |
| dodge | edge |
| fridge | fudge |
| hedge | |

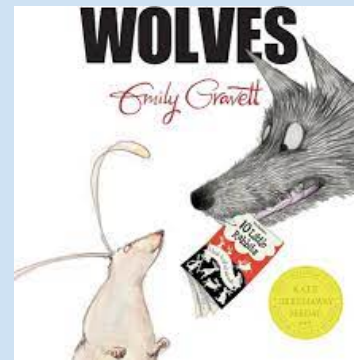
All children in year 2 are now doing Comprehension Ninja for reading practice.

See below for 'comprehension exercise' to help your child practice.

There will still be decodable books on Collins Connect.

English

This week we have continued with our story 'wolves'. We have learnt about some of the differences between fiction (made up/not real) and fact (real information).



- Can you write 5 facts about wolves ?
- Can you write 5 fiction statements about wolves?

Challenge: Choose another animal

- Can you write 5 facts about this animal?
- Can you make up 5 fiction statements about this animal?



Maths

Measuring - Length and Height

We have been measuring objects in our classroom using a ruler for centimetres (cm) and a metre rule for metres (m). We can also compare lengths.

Choose a word to complete the sentence.

shorter longer

The rubber is _____ than the sharpener.

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Write <, > or = to compare the measurements.

a) 9 cm 23 cm

b) fifty metres 50 m

c) 5 m fifteen metres

d) 87 cm 83 cm

e) one metre 1 cm

Challenge

Here is Jo's pencil.

My pencil is shorter than Jo's pencil.

Sam

Draw Sam's pencil.




<https://whiteroseeducation.com/1-minute-maths>




Notes and announcements:

- The reading cafe will continue to the end of the school year on Friday mornings!



PIXL PRIMARY
English

Reading extract and questions:
Year 2
The United Kingdom.



PIXL PRIMARY

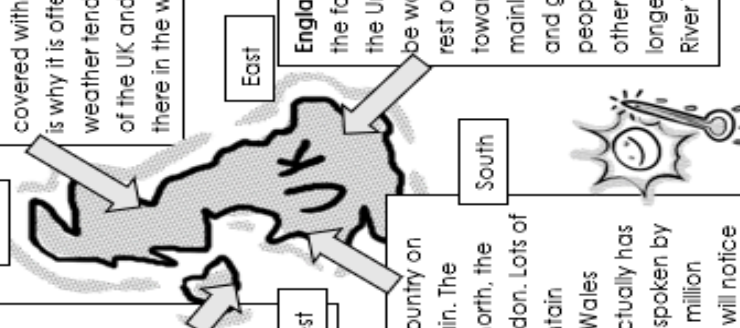
Introduction
The UK is where we live. UK is short for the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. It is made up of four countries – England, Northern Ireland, Scotland and Wales. Each one has its own capital city – London for England, Belfast for Northern Ireland, Edinburgh for Scotland and Cardiff for Wales.

North

West

East

South



Northern Ireland This is the only country which is not on the mainland of Great Britain. It is part of the island of Ireland. Northern Ireland has lots of stunning countryside. It also has the largest lake in the UK called Lough Neagh. Cloud-carrying winds from the Atlantic Ocean mean it is often wet and overcast there.

Scotland The country in the north of the UK is Scotland. A large part of it is covered with towering mountains, which is why it is often called the Highlands. The weather tends to be colder than the rest of the UK and they get the most snow there in the winter months.

Wales Wales is a green, hilly country on the western side of Great Britain. The highest mountains are in the north, the tallest of which is Mount Snowdon. Lots of people visit Wales to go mountain climbing. Although people in Wales mainly speak English, Wales actually has two main languages. **Welsh** is spoken by over half a million of the three million people who live there. Visitors will notice that road signs are usually written in both languages.

England England is the largest of the four countries that make up the United Kingdom. It tends to be warmer and drier than the rest of the UK, especially towards the south and east. It is mainly covered with lowlands and gently rolling hills. More people live in England than any other country in the UK. The longest river in England is the River Thames. It is 215 miles long.

Seas and oceans The UK is surrounded by water. The Irish Sea is in between Northern Ireland and Great Britain. The English Channel (to the south) lets us travel to France and the North Sea is to the east between Scotland and England. A lot of Scotland's coast is attacked by the ferocious waves of the Atlantic Ocean.

Questions for The United Kingdom

Vocabulary:

1. Each one has its own capital city ... In this sentence, capital means ... **Tick one.**

tall	<input type="checkbox"/>	main	<input type="checkbox"/>
old	<input type="checkbox"/>	rich	<input type="checkbox"/>



2. Look at the **Scotland** fact box. **Find and copy** a word that means *high*.

3. Northern Ireland has lots of *stunning* countryside ... In this sentence, stunning means ... **Tick one.**

windy

trees

beautiful

green

Identify key aspects

4. What is UK short for?

5. Draw **four** lines to match the country to its capital.

England
Northern Ireland
Scotland
Wales

Edinburgh
London
Cardiff
Belfast

6. Where in the UK is Scotland?

Inference

7. Why are road signs in Wales written in two different ways?

8. What makes you think that the Atlantic Ocean is rough and stormy?

Sequence

9. Number the sections from **1** to **4** to show the order in which they appear. The first has been done for you.

Seas and oceans	
Introduction	
Title	1
Scotland	

Predict

10. From what you have read, what would be most useful to take on a visit to Northern Ireland? **Tick one.**

road signs

thermometer

sunglasses

umbrella